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MARSTELLER.  
200 St

## Alexandria AND COMMERCIAL



## Advertiser INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. II.]

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1802.

[No. 565.

### Sale by Auction.

On SATURDAY.  
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue  
Store, the corner of King and Union  
Streets.  
Rum in hhd. and barrels,  
Whisky in barrels,  
Apple Brandy in barrels,  
Gin in casks,  
Wine in pipes and quarter casks,  
Molasses in hhd.  
Sugar in hhd. and barrels,  
White and brown Soap in boxes,  
Coffee in casks and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes,  
Queens' Ware, and  
A variety of DRY GOODS.  
THOS. PATTON, Auctioneer.  
October 6.

### Public Sale.

On FRIDAY,  
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue  
Store,

Rum in hogsheads and barrels,  
Whiskey in barrels,  
Gin in casks and barrels,  
Port wine in casks,  
Molasses in hhd.  
Sugar in hhd. and bls.  
White and brown soap in boxes,  
Chocolate in boxes,  
Coffee in tierces and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes.  
Queens Ware in crates, handsomely  
shored,

ALSO,  
A variety of DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE—  
Superfine cloth and Kersimires,  
Narrow Cloth, and Flannels,  
Irish Linens, and Oznaburghs,  
Sail duck of different qualities,  
Chintzes and Calicces,  
Cambrick and Cotton shawls,  
India Mullin and Table Cloaths,  
Coloured threads and sowing silks,  
Ribbons, Hats, and  
A number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,  
Vendue-Master,  
October 5.

JUST RECEIVED,  
And for Sale by the Subcriber,  
A quantity of excellent north-

ern Cheese,  
English Walnuts and Filberts,  
Box and Jar Raisins,  
Limes, Oranges and Tamarinds,  
Excellent firkin Butter,  
Mackerel by the barrel,  
Nova-Scotia Salmon, first quality,  
Dried Cod Fish,  
Cavendish Tobacco,  
Mould and dipped Candles, together with a  
general assortment of GROCERIES.

ABEL WILLIS.

Wanted immediately,  
A WOMAN to do the house work in  
a small family. To one who can  
come well recommended, liberal Wages  
will be given. Apply to the Printer.  
Sept. 29.

DR. MAVOR'S  
COLLECTION OF VOYAGES &  
TRAVELS.

Subscribers are respectfully informed,  
that the Sixth Volume of the above Work,  
is now ready for delivery.

SAMUEL BISHOP.

JOSEPH RIDDLE & CO.  
have imported in the Brig Experiment,  
Captain Eve, from Liverpool, a general  
Assortment of

FALL GOODS.  
A/so, 8, 10, 12, & 20d. flat  
lined Nails; crates of Queen's Ware,  
well assorted for country stores; stoved  
in sacks, and a quantity of Burr  
wood, per Brig Industry.  
Sept. 27.

### To be SOLD.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from  
Samuel Cooper to the Subcriber, for the  
purpose of paying a debt due from the  
said Samuel Cooper to Philip G. Mar-  
steller, will positively be exposed to Sale,  
for ready money, on Friday the 22d day  
of October, at 4 o'clock, P. M. on the  
Premises,

A PIECE OF GROUND,

With the APPURTENANCES, situate in  
the town of Alexandria, on the north side of  
King street, and to the westward of  
Patrick street, fronting on King street 24  
feet, and running back 100 feet to the  
Alley.

THOMAS SWANN.  
October 5.

CUTHBERT POWELL

Has received by the Brig Catherine,  
capt. Lawrence, from Liverpool, a con-  
siderable part of his

FALL GOODS,

Which are now opening. The balance  
he expects by the first arrivals from Lon-  
don and Liverpool.

Sept. 28.

### NOTICE.

THE Creditors of JAMES BACON, Bank-  
rupt, having appointed me Assignee of his  
Estate and Effects, all Persons indebted to him  
are requested to make immediate Payment, and  
those who hold any of his Property to deliver  
the same to me.

GEORGE YOUNG, Assignee.

N. B. Those accounts which are not settled  
before the first of November next, will indi-  
cidentally be put in suit.

Sept. 27.

d30r

10 Pipes 4th Proof Brandy,  
20 Hhds. Brown Sugar, (1st quality)  
20 Puncheons Jamaica and Grenada Rum,  
10 Bales Cotton,  
20 Quarter Casks, F & FF English Gun-  
powder.

50 Bags Pearl Barley,  
500lb. Fine Ground Ginger,

FOR SALE, BY

R. B. JAMESON.

September 11.

d

Ten Dollars Reward.

RUN AWAY from the Subcriber, during  
the last harvest, a Negro Man named  
ABRAHAM. He is a Cooper by trade, be-  
tween forty and forty-five Years of age, five  
feet seven or eight inches high, his teeth very  
much decayed, greatly addicted to drunkenness,  
and when so extremely talkative. A scar on the  
back of his right hand, occasioned by a cut  
received from the cooper's hawel, when at work,  
makes him remarkable. As he has been seen  
at work in Alexandria, about the wharves and  
cooper's shops, it is expected he may be easily  
taken. The above Reward will be given to  
any person for apprehending the said Negro,  
and securing him in the nearest jail, so that I  
get him again, or Twenty Dollars if delivered  
to me in this town.

ROBERT LEWIS.

Fredericksburg, Sept. 22.

d18r

THOMAS SIMMS

Has just received, and for SALE,

1500 lb. of an excellent quality

New England Cheese,

700 Bushels of dry mellow Potatoes,

1000 bunches of Onions,

32 barrels of Apples,

Mould and dipped Candles, by the box,

A few bags of Green Coffee,

Fresh jar and box Raisins,

Do. in shelled Almonds,

Large and small pots Tamarinds,

English Walnuts,

Durham Mustard, in pound bottles,

Bell Salad Oil, in bottles,

Men and Women's Shoes and a general Assort-  
ment of Groceries.

He also wishes to sell,

His HOUSE is Prince Street, opposite to

George Taylor, Esq's. Groceries will be taken

in payment for it, or a liberal Credit given.

—A L S O—

The Leafe of a BAKE HOUSE and STORE,

in Queen-Street. Possession may be had imme-  
diately.

Sept. 27.

d

Printing in all its va-  
riety, executed at this office  
with neatness and dispatch.

### FALL GOODS.

WILLIAM OXLEY

HAS received part of his FALL  
GOODS, per the brig CATHERINE, and  
expects the remainder by the first arrivals,  
all of which he will sell uncommonly low  
for Cash or approved Notes, at a short  
date, it being his intention to go to Eng-  
land as soon as possible.

Sept. 29.

d3w

Wanted to Purchase,

A STOUT NEGRO LAD, whose  
honesty can be vouched for. For  
such, a liberal price will be given.

R. B. JAMESON.

Sept. 18.

d

TO BE SOLD

For Ready Money.

Pursuant to a Decree of the Fed-  
eral Circuit Court of the United States,  
for the District of Virginia, in a suit be-  
tween the executors of Hanbury's plain-  
tiffs, and the trustees of gen. Nelson, and  
others, defendants,

A tract of land in the county  
of Prince William, on the waters of Bull  
Run, containing 220 acres, now in the  
occupation of Mrs. Gwynn; or so much  
thereof as will be sufficient to raise the  
sum of £. 259 with interest thereon from  
October 1797, and the costs and expences  
of this sale, which will take place at Gads-  
by's tavern, in the town of Alexandria,  
on Saturday the sixth of November next.

The above tract of land was purchased  
by Peyton Gwynn, deceased under the said  
decree, and the purchase money not being  
wholly paid, is again to be sold for the  
satisfaction thereof, in conformity to said  
decree, and terms of original sale.

D. M. RANDOLPH

Late Marshal, v. d.

Richmond, Sept. 18, 1802 (27)

For Boston & Salem,

The sloop

MARY & SALLY;

JACOB ORCUTT, Master.

For freight or passage apply to

JOHN G. LADD.

Who has for sale,

Beerboom Gurrabs,

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Nankeens,

Hyson, Hysonkin, and Souchoas,

Russia Sheetings, Russia and Ravens Duck,

Cordage, West India and N. E. Rum,

A small quantity of very excellent Cheese.

September 14.

d

By virtue of a Deed of Trust

from George Coryell, to the Subcriber,

on Friday the 8th of October, at 4 o'clock,

will be exposed to sale, on the

premises,

A two story Frame HOUSE,

situate on the north-east corner of Duke and

Union streets, with a lease of 7 years and 5

months of the Lot on which said House is

built, subject to a ground rent of 12l. per an-

num.

Also, an annual ground rent of twenty p.unds.

JAMES KEITH, jun.

Sept. 16.

d19r

William Hodgson

Has for Sale, on very reasonable Terms,

40 Bales coarse Woolens,

19 Puncheons 3d Proof Grenada Rum,

1000 Bushels Liverpool Salt,

20 Tierces bottled London Brown Stout,

Old Port Wine in bottles,

18 Thousand rough hhd. and barrel Staves,

200 Grindstones,

Sept. 21.

d

ON EDUCATION.

No. XIII.

WHEN one proposed it to Solon, the famous Athenian legislator, that he should establish *equality* at Athens, he replied, "First make trial of in your own family." Every family is a little commonwealth, or a government in miniature; and every head of a family is a ruler, in whom is vested, to a certain extent, legislative, judicial and executive authority. This important and venerable station requires prudence, benevolence and a happy mixture of moderation and firmness. The two extremes of boundless indulgence and tyrannical severity are equally pernicious to the interests of children.

The child that is always indulged is in the way to be spoiled. An enervated state of mind, together with restless dispositions and disorderly habits are commonly the effects of too great a degree of parental indulgence. Esop's fable of the monkey, that in the yearnings of her motherly fondness, squeezed her young one to death, aptly denotes the blind affection of those parents who lay no restraint upon their children, but devote themselves to the gratification of all their absurd whims and perverse humours. Such parents, while they make themselves the slaves of those whom they ought to govern, commonly reap the bitter fruits of their misguided fondness, in the undutiful behaviour of their offspring towards them; which often increases with the increase of age. Characters of distinguished piety and worth have sometimes been marked with this foible. Two very remarkable and melancholy instances are given in sacred history.

It is there attested by the reproving voice of Heaven concerning Eli, that "his sons made themselves vile, and he restrained them not." His extreme indulgence towards them seems to have been the fatal cause of that horrid profligacy which ensued in their utter destruction; and this stands on record as a solemn warning to all who sustain the parental relation. The senior part of the family of David seems also to have been ruined by the extreme indulgence of a father, whose talents, in some respects, were incomparable; who possessed, in a superlative degree, the finer feelings of the human heart; and yet, under peculiar temptations, fell into crimes of the blackest hue, which were succeeded by the lowest prostrations of sincere repentance, the exercises whereof he expressed in language the most pathetical, the most humble and contrite, that, perhaps, ever flowed from the lips or the pen of man. The conduct of Ammon, Absalom and Adonijah evinced the most shocking depravity; and the sacred penman remarked concerning the latter (the other most likely experienced a similar indulgence) that "his father had not displeased him at any time; in saying, why hast thou done so?" To this unlimited indulgence of their childhood and early youth may be fairly traced the rebellious dispositions and atrocious conduct of those young men; which overwhelmed their father in floods of anguish, and "brought down his grey hairs with sorrow to the grave."

Equally pernicious, in its effects, is the opposite extreme. An unreasonable rigour, in parental government, has a tendency to benumb the faculties of some children, while it stimulates others to plunge with greediness into scenes of dissipation, as soon as they get free from the domestic yoke.

Severus was a clergyman of respectable talents and irreproachable morals. An enemy to vice, and fearing that his children might be infected with the pollutions of a licentious age, he kept them, as much as possible, from joining their equals even in the innocent amusements of youth. In the mean while, his manners towards them were austere and forbidding, insomuch that they were ready to tremble at his presence. It has been frequently remarked, that, whenever Severus entered a room where his children were sitting, they were instantly struck mute, and would rise up altogether and leave the room, or else steal out of it, one after another. This rigid discipline had effects directly contrary to the intentions and expectations of the pious father; for his sons, who were naturally sprightly and active, as soon as they had obtained that liberty for which they had long panted, became the most wild and dissipated young men in the place.

Avar is a wealthy farmer, and dread-

ing above all things, lest his sons should become spendthrifts, he has always been careful to hedge in their path with thorns. The period of their early youth, deprived as well of the necessary allowance of recreation, as of any considerable degree of school instruction, was consumed in incessant toils. When they grew up and married, their father, planting them around him, still subjected them to the tight rein of parental government; and, with a watchful eye, directed and managed the whole of their concerns. "Will you plant a few peas to-day for summer greens?" said the wife of one of his sons to her husband, who was the thirty years of age. "I will go," replied the dutiful son, "and consult my father upon it." The sons of this over careful father may never be spendthrifts, but they will always be children.

Between the aforementioned extremes in family government, there is a *Golden Mean*, and happy are those who find it. In this number are *Patroclus* and his wife *Eudocia*. Respectable in their behaviour at home, as well as abroad, they have obtained the spontaneous respect of their family. The first lesson they taught their children was obedience to their authority. By carefully cropping the first buddings of obstinacy, they easily moulded them to the habits of submission and order. By noticing and encouraging in them "whatever things are virtuous and lovely," they excited in their minds a strong desire to excel. Their precepts, being uniformly enforced by a correspondent example, are respectfully received and cherished, and become "written, as it were, on the heart." While they are careful to habituate their children to spend their time ingenuously and usefully, they never deny them innocent and seasonable amusements; and, in the mean time, are at pains to convince them that the restraints and prohibitions, which they lay upon them, are necessary and kindly intended, and conducive to their best interest. They make no display of parental authority. No terrific rod was ever hung up in their house. *Patroclus* is not seen storming with rage, and "breathing out threatening," and vengeance. *Eudocia* seldom scolds or frets, and she as seldom is disobeyed. The authority which they exercise over their children is so happily blended with mildness, courtesy and affability, that "that yoke is easy and the burden is light." With a mild voice, they say to their children, "Go," and they go. "Come," and they come; "do this," and they do it. And this prompt obedience springs more from affection than from fear; it is the sincere homage of mingled respect and love.

SENEX.

FROM THE NEW YORK EVENING POST.

General Washington and President Jefferson.

Of all the impudent attempts at imposition, we do not recollect one which exceeds that in a late *National Egis*. The editor there boldly declares, that Mr. Jefferson was more in the confidence of General Washington than any other man. That it may appear we are not mistaken in what we say, we will give the editor's own words—"It is known"—but stop; we must give the identical words of the sentence, or we shall be charged with a fabrication; people must be cautious how they quote from this editor, I can tell them: if a letter is placed awry

"The gentleman's ram-cat in a passion,  
"His back all crumpled o'er his head."

To go back then and take up his own words—"But when it is known that Mr. Jefferson never speaks of General Washington, but with the most profound respect; when it is known that he was perhaps more in his confidence than any other man," &c. Now is there a reader who ever heard of General Washington and Mr. Jefferson, and is enough of a simpleton to swallow this? We shall not, however, put it hypothetically—Here are General Washington's own words—his own words—to show what he thought of Mr. Jefferson, and his party with him. What subterfuge will be resorted to now? What will the *Egis*, the *Chronicle*, the *Aurora*, and the *Citizen* say to all this? Perhaps they'll call the letters a forgery—Let them if they dare. In the interim we invite every American to peruse them.

The last official letter of our illustrious and departed father General Washington, to John Adams, then President of the U-

nited States. The letter bears date after the passing of the Alien, Army, and Navy laws, against which such a hue and cry has been raised.

Mount-Vernon, July 13, 1798.

DEAR SIR,

I HAD the honor, on the evening of the 11th inst. to receive from the hand of the secretary of war, your favor of the 7th, announcing that you had, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appointed me "Lieutenant General and Commandant in Chief of all the armies raised, or to be raised, for the service of the United States."

I cannot express how greatly affected I am at this new proof of public confidence, and the highly flattering manner in which you have been pleased to make the communication; at the same time, I must not conceal from you my earnest wish that the choice had fallen upon a man less declined in years and better qualified to encounter the usual vicissitudes of war.

You know, Sir, what calculation I had made relative to the probable course of events, on my retiring from office, and the determination I had consoled myself with, of closing the remnant of my days in my present peaceful abode; you will, therefore, be at no loss to conceive and appreciate the sensations I must have experienced, to bring my mind to any conclusion that would pledge me, at so late a period of my life, to leave scenes I sincerely love, to enter upon the boundless field of public action, incessant trouble, and high responsibility.

It was not possible for me to remain ignorant of, or indifferent to, recent transactions.

The conduct of the Directory of France towards our country; their infidious hostility to its government; their various practices to withdraw the affections of the people from it; the evident tendency of their arts, and those of their agents to countenance and invigorate opposition, their disregard of solemn treaties and the laws of nations, their war upon our defenceless commerce; their treatment of our ministers of peace, and their demands, amounting to tribute, could not fail to excite in me corresponding sentiments with those my countrymen have so generally expressed in their affectionate addresses to you—Believe me, Sir, NO ONE CAN MORE CORDIALLY APPROVE OF THE WISE AND PRUDENT MEASURES OF YOUR ADMINISTRATION. They ought to inspire UNIVERSAL CONFIDENCE, & will, no doubt combined with the state of things, call from Congress such laws and means as will enable you to meet the full force and extent of the crisis.

Satisfied therefore that you have SINCE RONGLY WISHED AND ENDEAVORED TO AVERT WAR, & exhausted, to the LAST DROP THE CUP OF RECONCILIATION, we can with pure hearts appeal to heaven for the JUSTICE of OUR CAUSE—and may confidently trust the final result to the kind Providence who has heretofore, and so often, signally favored the people of the United States.

Thinking in this manner, and feeling

how incumbent it is upon every person,

of every description, to contribute at all

times to his country's welfare, especially

in a moment like the present, when every

thing we hold dear and sacred is so seriously threatened; I have finally determined

to accept the commission of commander in

chief of the armies of the United States;

with this reserve only, that I shall not be

called into the field until the army is in

a situation to require my presence, or it

becomes indispensable by the urgency of

circumstances.

In making this reservation, I beg it

may be understood, that I do not mean to

withhold any assistance to arrange and

organize the army, which you think I can

afford. I take the liberty also to mention,

that I must decline having my ac-

ceptance considered as drawing after it any

immediate charge upon the public; or that

can receive any emoluments annexed to

the appointment before entering into a si-

tuation to incur expence.

The Secretary of War being anxious to

to return to the Seat of Government, I

have detained him no longer than was ne-

cessary to a full communication upon the

several points he had in charge.

With very great respect and considera-

tion, I have the honor to be, dear Sir,

your most obedient humble servant.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

To the same effect is a private commu-

nication from the same illustrious Charac-

ter, contained in the following extract of a letter from Gen. Washington to Charles Carroll of Maryland, dated Mount Vernon, August 2, 1798, and is several months after the passing of all the laws, on which the democrats have founded their most bitter censure, of Mr. Adams and all

the Federal party:

"Altho' (says Gen. Washington) I highly approve of the measures taken by government, to place this country in a posture of defence, and even wish they had been more energetic, and shall be ready to obey its call under the reservations I have made, whenever it is made: yet I am not without hope, THE FRENCH ARE, that they will pause, before they take the last step. That they have been deceived in their calculations on the division of the people and the powerful support they expected from their party, is reduced to a certainty, though it is somewhat equivocal still, whether THAT PARTY, who have been THE CURSE OF THIS COUNTRY, and the SOURCE OF THE EXPENSES, we have to encounter, may not be able to continue THEIR DELUSION. What pity it is the expense could not be taxed upon them."

NEW YORK, October 4.  
Entered, Brigs Discovery, —, Cape Francois; Betsey, Atkinson, West Port Ireland; Jane-Eliza, Andrews, Lisbon; Hand, Butcher, Newfoundland; Three Sisters, Russell, Liverpool; schooner Eliza, Strangeman, Cape-Francois.

Cleared, Ships Orlando, Marschalk, Amsterdam, Howard, Fram, New Orleans, Orozemo, Tilton, Hamburg, brig Morning Star, Forrest, Jamaica; schooner Blanch, Thompson, Shelburne.

Arrived since our last.  
Brig Jane Eliza, Andrews, 56 days from Lisbon, via Fayal. Left at Fayal, schooner Sonnet, Foster, of Nova Scotia, to sail in a few days for the West Indies. In lat. 39. 30, long. 22. spoke brig Sally, Lord, out 20 days from Lisboa bound to this port.

Arrived at Quarantine.  
Schooner Eliza, Strangeman, out 23 days from Cape Francois. Sept. 24th, spoke ship Francis and Ann, of Norwich, bound from New York to Portugal, out 52 days, having lost her main and mizzen masts after she had been out 32 days; she then put back, and was making the best of her way for New London. 25th spoke ship Birmingham, of Philadelphia, out 27 days from New Orleans, bound to Liverpool.

PHILADELPHIA, October 5.  
By the schooner Adventurer, 13 days fr. C. Francois, we learn that many of the Negroes, rather than trust to the promises of the French Generals, keep the field, and are determined to die with arms in their hands; that they keep up a continual alarm within a few miles of the Cape; that about 15 days ago, a considerable firing was heard by the shipping for the space of two hours, said to be between the Negroes and a body, but the issue they did not learn. Our informant further adds, that the French have lost a great number of men by the bullet, as well as by the fever.

That a reinforcement of 8000 troops had arrived and an additional one was hourly expected.

Extract of a letter from Aux-Cayes, dated August 28.

"I am very sorry to inform you of the troubles here. This day several vessels have arrived from St. Louis, loaded with Negroes, rather than trust to the promises of the French Generals, keep the field, and are determined to die with arms in their hands; that they keep up a continual alarm within a few miles of the Cape; that about 15 days ago, a considerable firing was heard by the shipping for the space of two hours, said to be between the Negroes and a body, but the issue they did not learn. Our informant further adds, that the French have lost a great number of men by the bullet, as well as by the fever.

That a reinforcement of 8000 troops had arrived and an additional one was hourly expected.

It is with regret we state

French ship Neptune, 78

valuable cargo of dry goods

arrived from Mess. A. & F.

funk 30 leagues from Cap

crew and passengers were

Turk's Island bound to

in the following extract of a letter from Washington to Charles Lee, dated Monnt Ver. 2, 1798, and is several times mentioned in the papers. The passing of all the laws, however, has founded their party: says Gen. Washington) I approve of the measures taken to place this country in a state of defence, and even wish them more energetic, and shall obey its call under the re. I am not without hope, INTOXICATED AS WE ARE, that they will take the last step, have been deceived in their on the division of the people, powerful support they exert, their party, is reduced to a though it is somewhat equal. WHETHER THAT PARTY, BEEN THE CURSE OF COUNTRY, and the SOURCE OF EXPENSES, we have to say not be able to continue DELUSION. What pifense could not be taxed up.

YORK, October 4.  
Schooner Discovery, —, Captain Atkinson, West Port Eliza, Andrews, Lisbon; Newfoundland; Three, Liverpool; schooner Eliza, Cape-Francois.  
Schooner Orlando, Marschalk, Howard, Fram, New Oranbo, Tilton, Hamburg, Star, Forrest, Jamaica; Thompson, Shelburne, since our last.

Eliza, Andrews, 56 days via Fayal. Left at Fayal, Foster, of Nova Scotia, 56 days for the West Indies. 56, long. 22. spoke brig out 20 days from Lisbon port.

at Quarantine.

Eliza, Strangeman, out 23 days via Francois, Sept. 24th. Francis and Ann, of Norwich, New York to Portugal, out 20 days lost her main and mizzen had been out 32 days; she was making the best New London. 25th spoke am, of Philadelphia, out New Orleans, bound to Li-

DELPHIA, October 5.  
Schooner Adventurer, 13 days late from the Mediterranean. Captain Fletcher, of the ship Hitty, of Boston, 70 days from Leghorn, bound to Baltimore, has favored us with the following particulars:

That he left Gibraltar the 1st August, at which time the frigates Chesapeake & Adams, and the schooner Enterprise, were lying there. Was informed by Commodore Morris, that the Emperor of Morocco had proposed to make peace for six months, and had sent for Mr. Simpson, American Consul, who went over to Tangier the 27th July in the schr. Enterprise, to meet the Governor of Tangier, on that subject. Commodore Morris was waiting to know the result of the negotiation: which if favorable, he was to proceed up the Mediterranean. There were certain accounts of six sail of Tripolitan cruisers out, the largest of which mounts but six guns; they are all full of men. The Bolton frigate, Captain, M'Neil, was at Naples the 14th July, and hourly expected at Gibraltar.

It was understood at Leghorn, that the English have refused to deliver up Malta; 200 British officers had been sent from Port Mahon to Malta, to take the command of the regiments there. Various were the conjectures respecting the circumstance; by some it is said, that the Maltese have refused to come under their ancient government; but the account most credited is, that the British are fearful of the division of Turkey.

Schooner Margaret, Grojart, Watters, Amsterdam; Bombay; brig George, Croix; schr's Ocean, Basse, Lennet, Earl, Port Republic. Schooner John, Thomas Sept. 8. Hawk, Berry, of and from schooner John and Ely, do. The latter to sail on the

9th ult. for do. spoke on the 18th ult. schooner Sally, Hall, from St. Johns, for Philadelphia, in lat. 22, 45, N. long. 64, 27, W.

Arrived yesterday morning, ship New York, Steward, 44 days from Liverpool. Left there the 22d August, the following vessels of this port.

Schooner South Carolina, German, to sail Sept. 1. India, Hathaway, ditto, brigs Ohio, Lark, ditto. Hannah and Sally, Falger, from hence has arrived at Cape Francois.

Capt. Steward from Liverpool spoke, Sept. 15, lat. 43, long. 43, 30, ship Kingston, from New York for London, out 11 days. Same day ship Selim, from Baltimore for Amsterdam, 10 days out. 20th, lat. 43, 33, long. 55, ship Fair American, from New York for London, out 10 days, and on the 28th fell in with the ship Live Oak, Dejar, from Liverpool to Charleston, in lat. 42, 59, long. 58, out 39 days—all well.

Same day, arrived ship Margaret capt. Grojart from Hull, who informs, that he sailed in company with the ship Margaret, of New York. August 9th, lat. 58, 3, long. W. spoke the schooner Release from Newburyport bound to Copenhagen, Sept. 4, lat. 43, long. 45, W. spoke the brig Plymouth, of Salem, 54 days out from St. Petersburg to New York. Sept. 8, lat. 42, 53, long. 48, W. spoke the ship Bath, of Portland, 32 days from Liverpool, bound to Boston. Sept. 20, spoke ship Howard, of New York, 57 days from Glasgow to New York, lat. 42, long. 58, W. Lat. 39, long. 72, 30, spoke the ship America, of Salem, from India, bound to Salem, 150 days out.

BALTIMORE, October 5.  
Arrived last night, brig Lear, captain Foster, from Port Republican. The ships Vigilant, Boyle, and Alexandria, Weston, were at Hampton Roads. The ships Birmingham, M'Carty; Felicity, Reed; brigs Fly, Pearce; John and Joseph, Stockton; a Bremen barque and a number of others names unknown, were left at New Point Comfort, all bound up. A brig belonging to Charleston from London is afloat on the Bodkin bar.

Arrived, schr. Sophia, Driscoll, from Cape Francois. Left there ship Pyramus, capt. Belt, for Baltimore, in 7 days; brig Dispatch, captain Fifth, of do. schr. Mariner, Weeks, of do, unloading; the ship Elk, captain Jones, of do, sailed a day before the Sophia, and is said to be in the bay; as is the schr. Virginia, capt. Edwards, brig Java, from the East Indies, is also in the bay.

NORFOLK, October 2.  
Late from the Mediterranean.

Captain Fletcher, of the ship Hitty, of Boston, 70 days from Leghorn, bound to Baltimore, has favored us with the following particulars:

That he left Gibraltar the 1st August, at which time the frigates Chesapeake & Adams, and the schooner Enterprise, were lying there. Was informed by Commodore Morris, that the Emperor of Morocco had proposed to make peace for six months, and had sent for Mr. Simpson, American Consul, who went over to Tangier the 27th July in the schr. Enterprise, to meet the Governor of Tangier, on that subject. Commodore Morris was waiting to know the result of the negotiation: which if favorable, he was to proceed up the Mediterranean. There were certain accounts of six sail of Tripolitan cruisers out, the largest of which mounts but six guns; they are all full of men. The Bolton frigate, Captain, M'Neil, was at Naples the 14th July, and hourly expected at Gibraltar.

It was understood at Leghorn, that the English have refused to deliver up Malta; 200 British officers had been sent from Port Mahon to Malta, to take the command of the regiments there. Various were the conjectures respecting the circumstance; by some it is said, that the Maltese have refused to come under their ancient government; but the account most credited is, that the British are fearful of the division of Turkey.

It is with regret we state the loss of the French ship Neptune, 78 days from Havre de Grace, bound to this port with a valuable cargo of dry goods, coming to the address of Mess. A. & F. Tubeuf. She sunk 30 leagues from Cape Henry; the crew and passengers were picked up by the schooner Fanny, capt. Fortyfth, from Turk's Island bound to New London,

and landed at Hampton yesterday. Passengers, Messrs. A. Tubeuf, (of Norfolk) Joshua Barney, Holmes, and O'Mealy, (of Baltimore) and 10 French gentlemen and Ladies.

Arrived the schooner Two Brothers, capt. Newell, 12 days from Port Republic. Left the schooner Polly, capt. Mallory, of this port to sail for Jamaica in a few days.

Arrived in Hampton Roads, the ship Mary, capt. Bates, 26 days from Kingston, Jamaica, sailed in company with the schooner Polly, Butler, for Philadelphia. Left the brig Mary, Young, to sail for Norfolk the 10th Sept. Spoke the 26th ult. in lat. 30, long. 80, the schooner Mary, Pratt, from the Spanish Main bound to Boston.

Arrived the British brig Lady Nelson, capt. Wood, 65 days from Guernsey.

Arrived the floop Mary Anne, capt. Addison, 45 days from Madeira, in distress, bound to Baltimore. The capt. informs, that when he left there, two brigs from New York (names not recollect) were missing. Mr. Pintard had had accounts of their being consigned to him a month before the departure of the Mary Anne. A schooner which sailed in company, from Norfolk, bound to the same port, had not arrived the 12th of August. Sept. 26, in lat. 33, 30, long. 66, spoke the schooner —, captain Bowles, 7 days out from Charleston, for Martinique.

### Alexandria Advertiser.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Leghorn, to his correspondent in Newburyport, dated July 8, 1802.

"Last evening I heard that an American brig from Marsilles to New York was captured by a Tripolitan corsair, and also a Swedish vessel; the Swede was recaptured by the United States schooner Enterprise, but the American was carried to Algiers. I have just seen the copy of a letter from consul O'Brien, dated Algiers, 26th June, which states the capture of the brig Franklin of Philadelphia, on the 15th. On the morning of the 21st I saw, three leagues east of Algiers, another Tripolitan corsair, with a brig in her possession, standing to the eastward, which I take to be another American vessel. It is a fact that there are at sea at present 6 sail of Tripolitan corsairs, and it is asserted that the frigates of the United States and those of Sweden, are blockading Tripoli.

"By a letter from Trieste, I have news of the arrival of the schooner Sea Flower, capt. Flanders, from Newburyport."

Citizen Dupont de Nemours, Traveller of the National Institute in the United States of North America arrived at Paris about the 5th of August.

At a late hour last evening we received accounts of the ship Fanny, capt. M'Calister being below from Amsterdam, she touched at Cowes and had 35 days passage from the latter place, we are informed that she brings London dates to the 25th and Paris to the 21st of August—Likewise an account of the suppression of the circulation of all English newspapers in France, by an arrete of the French government.

(Phil. Pap.)

Copenhagen, June 28, 1802.  
The Admiralty of Denmark, to Mr. Churchman, an American.

The Royal Board of the Admiralty are obliged to you for your attention in sending us your New Variation Chart, & according to your proposal to make some experiments on the variation of the Magnetic Needle on board a vessel. We beg you will be so kind as to apply to captain Snedoff, an officer of the navy, and commander of the ship Seyer, to whom we have given our orders on that subject.

The Royal Board of the Admiralty, the 25th June, 1802.

H. KAAS,  
J. P. WLEUGEL,  
F. KNUHT,  
L. NORREGAARD.

Copenhagen, July 1.—The Board of the Admiralty of which the crown Prince is the head, have imagined, that the mean variation on the meridian line extended from the Royal Observatory, proves how near the Variation Scheme can be applied

to practice at sea. Although the coast of Sweden is in sight, there is a good horizon towards the sun-rising, and the success of the experiments have been such as to ensure the adoption of this new plan.

The ship which brought Mr. Churchman, has already sailed for Russia, & it is understood he has been prevailed upon to stay here two weeks longer, on condition of going to Peterburg, or Cronstadt, at the expiration of that time in the ship Seyer of 64 guns, which also takes on board the young midshipmen exercising for the navy of Denmark.

The splendor, luxury and unremitting round of variegated pleasures which are seen in every direction of this immense city, strike the superficial observer with surprise and admiration. This is the bright side of the question; but when the mind becomes tranquil and fitted to examine, analyze and compare the painful competitions, severity and misery blended with it, to the American, duly appreciating the plenty, simplicity and independence of his own country, the preponderance will be decidedly in his favor.

To be continued.

### Ten Dollars Reward.

AN AWAY from the subscriber, on Sunday morning, the 3d inst. an Apprentice boy to the Cooper's business, named JAMES LYLES, eighteen years of age last August, about five feet one inch high, brown complexion, walks with his knees turned in. Had on when he went away, a grey Bath coating jacket, thick-set waistcoat and Edinburgh trowsers, but took other clothes with him. Whoever returns him to the subscriber shall receive the above Reward, and all reasonable charges, or Fifteen Dollars if taken 10 miles from Alexandria.

CHARLES JAMIESON.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forewarned from carrying him off.

October 7.

### JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale by the subscriber.

Fresh Lemons and English

Walnuts, Soft Shelled Almonds, Filberts, Oranges and Limes, Spinning Cotton, of an excellent quality, Spiced Salmon by the keg.

And a quantity of

Excellent Hams, Shoulders and Midlings.

ABEL WILLIS.

October 7.

### Spanish Hides.

Just arrived in the Schooner Harmony, and for sale by

John & Jas. H. Tucker,

2000 Spanish Hides:

They have also in Store,

10,000 lbs. green Coffee,

20 Hhds. best Muscovado Sugar,

20 Barrels do.

1000 Bushels coarse Salt,

100 Sacks fine do.

10 Barrels Tanner's Oil, and

A general assortment of GROCERIES.

October 7.

### ALMANACS

for the Year 1803.

### R. & J. GRAY

Have just received a supply of ALMANACS, for the Year 1803; and have on hand, a large assortment of Writing Paper, Bonnet Beards, School and Family Bibles, Testaments, Spelling-Books, Inkpowder, Playing Cards, &c. &c.

October 7.

Just Received,  
Fresh Lisbon Lemons and  
Oranges,  
Filberts, Walnuts, &c.

Also, on Hand,

A few boxes excellent Limes.

JOSEPH DYSON.

October 7.

THOMAS SIMMS,  
Has just received by the brig Neptune,  
from Lisbon,

Fresh Lemons by the Box,

Do. Filberts by the small frail 14 to 16 lb.

Do. Soft Shelled Almonds of a superi-

or quality.

Also, a quantity of

EXCELLENT BACON.

October 7.

### TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday, the 10th day of November

next, on the Premises,

Ninety Acres of Land,

Belonging to the estate of Roger West,

deceased, on a credit until the 1st day of

March, 1803, the purchaser giving bond,

with approved security, which, when paid

good and sufficient deeds shall be made.—

This Land is about three miles from

Town, and begins at the road going to

Mount Vernon; and forms an oblong square,

adjoining the lands of William Hepburn

and the late Lord Fairfax, a plat of which

will be produced.

RICHARD CONWAY, Executor.

October 7.

**BENJAMIN SHREVE, jun.**  
Has for Sale at his Store, corner of Prince and Union Streets,  
Molasses in hds. and barrels,  
Sugar in barrels,  
Coffee and Pepper, in bags,  
Hysonian and Soothing Tea,  
Leiper's Snuff, in half barrels and kegs  
alborted,  
Raisins, in kegs and boxes,  
West-India and New England Rum,  
Whisky and Apple Brandy,  
Madeira and Malaga Wines,  
Men's Fur Hats, in boxes,  
India Cotton and Raven's Duck,  
Soal Leather and Tanner's Oil, and a few  
pieces handsome Furniture, consisting of two  
elegant Cabinets and Book Cases, one Side-  
board, Ladies' Secretaries, Bureau's, Wash Stands,  
Chairs, &c. &c.  
N. B. He gives Cash for Flax-Seed.  
Sept. 17. *est.*

*To be Rented,*  
The House in which I now  
live, of which I have a lease for upwards  
of three years from this time; the situ-  
ation is eligible and the House commodious  
For terms apply to

**J. B. NICKOLLS.**  
Fairfax-street, June 10. *est.*

*For Freight or Charter to  
Europe.*

**THE CAPITAL SHIP  
GOVERNOR STRONG.**  
This ship is expected in the  
Eastern Branch, and will be  
ready to take a freight for any port in  
Europe early in September. She is launch  
and well built, carries upwards of 408  
tons, stows tobacco and flour to the greatest  
advantage, sails well, and is but 10  
months old.—Apply to

**W. HARTSHORNE, Junr. Norfolk,  
JOHN JANNEY, Alexandria,  
CHAS. MINIFIE, on the E. Branch.  
Washington, September 2. *est.***

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forewarned from  
purchasing from Mr. Andrew Ramsay, or  
any other Person whomsoever, a NEGRO MAN  
SLAVE, by the name of POOL, which I claim  
as my Property, and for which there is a full  
indictment and now pending and unexpired in  
the court of Alexandria, and no doubt is en-  
titled to a decision in my favour.

**LUCY WILSON.**  
Sept. 16. *est.*

*To all whom it may concern.*

A VERY extraordinary Notice appearing in  
the Alexandria Advertiser yesterday, under the signature of Lucy Wilson, "forewarning all Persons from purchasing from me or any other Person whomsoever, a NEGRO MAN  
SLAVE, by the name of POOL," I deem it proper to state certain Facts relating thereto, which cannot be controverted either by her or her Agent. Negro POOL aluded to, was left to my Mother by her Sister, Mrs. Ann J. Gordon, along with the residue of her Estate, not especially mentioned in her Will, and the only Negro therein left to Lucy Wilson, is one she now posses, of the name of Lucy. POOL has been in my Mother's quiet Possession for about twelve Years past, and is now my Property by Deed of Gift from her, dated July last. I shall now only further add, by introducing part of a Letter in my possession, from one of the Executors, whose veracity will not be called in question, of which the following is an Extract: "I recollect that in several conversations with Mrs. Gordon, while she was ill at my House, she complained of —'s cruel treatment of POOL, and said she had determined to keep the Boy, that he should not be again in —'s power; that she had never given John Gordon a Deed for him, but the would make Lucy Gordon amends for her taking the Boy back again, by giving her Lucy, Hannah's Daughter, and the sentiments she expressed at the time I wrote her Will. POOL was in Mrs. Gordon's possession at the time of her death, and was afterwards inventoried and hired out as part of her Property. I related these circumstances to Mr. Campbell, Wilson and Mrs. Wilson."

**ANDREW RAMSAY.**  
Sept. 30. *est.*

*K. T. HOOE, & CO.*

Have on hand, and for sale,  
Claret of a superior quality in boxes of 2  
and 2½ dozen,  
Porter and Brown Stout in casks,  
Black Paint ground in oil in kegs of 28  
pounds each,  
Marble Slabs for hearths, of different sizes,  
An assortment of elegant Looking Glasses.  
Jappanned Ware,  
Plated Table Furniture, consisting of Tea  
and Coffee Urns, Tea and Coffee Pots,  
Goblets, &c.

A large assortment of Earthen Ware in  
crates,  
Grenada Rum in hds. Brown Sugar in  
hds. and bbls.  
Fine Salt in sacks,  
An assortment of Hardware, consisting of  
Spades, Shovels, Hinges, Hand-Saws,  
&c. &c.  
One hundred boxes Pipes.

July 31. *est.*

*Printing in all its variety exe-  
cuted at this office.*

## SAMUEL BISHOP,

BOOKSELLER, & STATIONER

Respectfully informs the Public that he has  
received from Lee & Co's Patent and  
Family Medicine Store, Baltimore, a  
fresh assortment of the following

### Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use  
throughout the United States, many of  
them being sold cheaper than the drugs  
of which they are compounded, could be  
purchased at a retail Store.

*Take Notice,*  
That S. Bishop is appointed the ONLY A-  
gent for Alexandria.

Dr. HAMILTON's ELIXIR,  
A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obstructive Coughs,  
Asthma, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and Ap-  
proaching Consumptions.

To parents who may have children afflicted  
with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it  
is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and  
in a short time entirely removes the most cruel  
disorder to which children are liable—the Elixir  
is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small,  
that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney  
General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my  
opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used  
in my family for two or three years past, with  
uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or sim-  
ilar complaints have rendered medicine necessary.  
I have myself found it an excellent and  
a reliable remedy for a very painful and trou-  
blesome affection of the breast, accompanied  
with frettings and with outburst and difficult  
breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recom-  
mend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine,  
and deserving public attention.

**LUTHER MARTIN.**

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge-Street, Baltimore,  
was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir of a  
very complicated disorder, occasioned by a se-  
vere cold caught several months ago. He  
breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was  
often thrown into weakening sweats when he  
attempted to walk any distance, and his voice  
would frequently fail in such a degree that he  
could only attempt to whisper; he has been  
upwards of six weeks without a return of his  
complaints, and desires to give this public testi-  
mony in favour of this invaluable medicine.

**Dr. Hamilton's  
GRAND RESTORATIVE,**

is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for  
the speedy relief and permanent cure of the vari-  
ous complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in cli-  
mates unfavourable to the constitution—the im-  
moderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any  
other destructive intemperance—the unskillful or  
excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females, at a certain period of life—bad lying,  
in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience  
to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of  
Nervous disorders,  
C. Inflammations,  
Lowells of spirits,  
Lots of appetite,  
Impurity of the blood,  
Hysterical affections,  
Inward weakness,  
Seminal weakness,  
Fluoribus, (or whites)  
Barrenness,

1. cases of extremity, where the long preva-  
lence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a  
general impoverishment of the system, excessive  
debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the  
body, which no nourishment or cordial could re-  
hair a perseverance in the use of this medicine  
has performed the most astonishing cures.

**HAMILTON'S ESSENCE and EX-  
TRACT of MUSTARD,**

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheuma-  
tism, palsey, spains, bruises, pains in the face  
and neck, &c. And has performed more cures  
in the above complaints than all the other medi-  
cines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,  
Wythe county, Virginia.

Gentlemen,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you  
call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard,  
which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic  
rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of  
the hip joint) under which I had laboured for a  
long time, and which had baffled every article  
in the Materia Medica; and every mode of treat-  
ment received into practice for the cure of this  
obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful  
you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

**P. WEATHERBURN.**

John Hoover, rope-maker, South Second-  
Street, between Mary and Christian-  
Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as fol-  
lows, namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was  
so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism,  
very dangerously situated, the consequence of a  
severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her  
bed for several weeks, and was at length re-  
duced to the melancholy apprehension of re-  
maining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the  
most respectable medical advice was followed,  
and every probable remedy attempted: when  
seeing several cures performed by Ham-  
ilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they  
were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South  
Second-Street. The first application enabled  
her to walk across the room, and the use of one  
bottle restored her to her usual state of health  
and strength.

**JOHN HOOVER**

Sworn and subscribed before Ebenezer Ferguson, Esq. one of the justices of the peace for Phil-  
adelphia County

**HAMILTON'S**

**WOR DESTROYING LOZENGES.**

Which have within four years past cured upwards  
of one hundred and twenty thousand persons  
of both sexes, of every age, and in every  
situation, of various dangerous complaints arising  
from worms, and from obstructions or foul-  
ods in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of  
similar title, so commonly complained of as oper-  
ating with violence; on the contrary, a partic-  
ular excellence of this remedy is its being suited  
to every age and constitution; contains noth-  
ing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so  
mild in its operation that it cannot injure the  
most delicate pregnant lady, or the tender infant  
of a week old, should no worms exist in the  
body; but will, without pain or griping,  
cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is  
fool or offensive, and thereby prevent the pro-  
duction of worms and many fatal disorders.

They are particularly efficacious in carrying off  
all gross humours and eruptions; feverish and  
bilious complaints, and are the safest and most  
expeditious purgative that can be used on any occasion.

**Description of Worms, and the Symptoms  
by which they are known.**

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly  
of four kinds, viz. the Teres or large round  
worm, the Acardides, or small round worm, the  
Cucurbitina, or short, flat, white worm, and  
lastly, the Taenia, or tape worm, so called from  
its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards  
long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and  
most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are  
disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—  
Bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose  
and about the seat—Convulsions and epileptic  
fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting  
and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular ap-  
petite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes  
voracious—Purgings, with slimy and fetid stools  
—Vomiting—Large and hard stools—Pains and  
sicknes at the stomach—Pains in the head and  
thighs, with lowens of spirits—Slow fever, with  
small and irregular puffs—A dry cough—Ex-  
cessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy count-  
enance, and sometimes the face bloated and  
flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symp-  
toms, should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WOR DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attend-  
ed with success in all complaints similar to those  
above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally  
during the warm season, will effectually pre-  
vent the vomiting and purging of children, a  
dreadful disorder which annually destroys thou-  
sands of the infant part of our cities. It is like-  
wise the most effectual and most certain remedy known  
and has restored to health and strength a great  
number when in an advanced stage of this fatal  
complaint. Particular and plain instructions are  
given for every part of the necessary treatment  
in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with  
eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and  
an agreeable taste.

**CASES OF CURES.**  
(Selected from thousands) the authenti-  
city of which any person may ascertain,  
either by letter or personal application.

**TAPE WORM.**

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn-keeper, on  
the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore,  
began about 20 months ago to be grievously aff-  
flicted with a tape worm, which increased fast  
in size and strength, so as to excite the most  
horrid sensations by its writhing motions and  
intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and  
tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of  
his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful ap-  
prehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in  
a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly,  
and with that his strength, so that he was un-  
able to attend to any business—when he heard of  
some excellent cures performed by Ham-  
ilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which  
brought away about FOUR YARDS of the  
worm (now in the possession of Lee & Co.)—  
but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him  
that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first  
vigour—Application was made to Lee & Co.  
for more of their medicine, with their advice—  
from which resulted the total expulsion of his  
formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he  
supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more.  
A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Ful-  
ler is now in perfect health. The above facts  
are well known to a numerous circle of his neigh-  
bours, and himself will gratify any who may  
wishes to make further inquiries on the subject.

Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce  
such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they  
are perfectly innocent and mild in their opera-  
tion on the human body, even taken in large  
doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their partic-  
ular mildness is abundantly evident in innumer-  
able cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler,

York town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOL-  
THER, minister of the Moravian church, in  
York-town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

Dear Sir,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recom-  
mended to me as a very adequate means for the  
cure of children afflicted with worms. I pro-  
cured a box for the use of my family, to try, whether  
by means of this medicine, I might be enabled  
to gain a point, which, to accomplish, dif-  
ferent other means had proved abortive. My  
eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very  
reflexes at night, grew leaner from time to time;  
in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of  
health, which would yield to none of the medi-  
cines administered, until I gave him two doses  
of lozenges agreeably to the directions, which  
carried off a substance to a appearance a mere  
mucus, but upon close inspection quite replete  
with very small living animals. Not one of that

sort of worms which usually afflict children  
came from him. Since that period he grew re-  
markably better in health, and though lean,  
different occasions I have used this medicine as a  
purging substitute, and found it to answer exceed-  
ingly well, without bringing on belly-ache, or  
causing by purging medicines. Upon the whole,  
I judge this medicine to be, besides its main ob-  
ject, one of the most salutary means for restor-  
ing lost appetite, and promoting a proper state  
of digestion, by carrying off that bilious sub-  
stance, which engenders so much indisposition  
both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,  
**JOHN MOLTHER.**

**Dr. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GER-  
MAN CORN PLAISTER.**

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily remov-  
ing them, root and branch, without giving pain.

The GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,  
So celebrated among the fashionable through-  
out Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly  
innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repel-  
lent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of  
unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing  
blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, par-  
ticularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness,  
scars, tetter, ring worms, sun burns, prickly  
heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without  
impeding that natural, inoffensive perspiration  
which is essential to health. Yet its salutary ef-  
fects are speedy and permanent, rendering the  
skin delicately soft and clear, improving the com-  
plexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Ne-  
ver failing to render an ordinary countenance  
beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

The RES TORATIVE POWDER for the  
TEETH and GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and  
strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from  
decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by  
alleviating all that acrimonious lime & soured  
which suffice to accumulate, never fails to injure  
and finally ruin them.

Dr. HAHN'S GENUINE EYE-WATER.  
A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes,  
whether the effect of natural weakness or of ac-  
cident, deflections of rheum, dullness, itching  
and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those  
maladies which frequently succeed the small pox,  
measles, and fevers, and wonderfully strengthen-  
ing a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced  
its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of  
sight.

**TOOTH ACHE DROPS.**  
The only remedy yet discovered which gives  
immediate and lasting relief in the most severe  
instances.

The SOVEREIGN OINTMENT for the  
ITCH,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at  
one application, and may be used with per-  
fect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week  
old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any  
other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not  
accompanied with that tormenting smart which  
attends the application of other remedies.

THE ANODYNE Elixir.  
For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC.  
A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal dis-  
ease.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of  
cure."